

Le système frontalier médiéval hongrois et la formation des principautés roumaines aux XIII^e et XIV^e siècles

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***Abstract:** The influence exercised by the kingdom of Hungary in the 13th and 14th centuries is increasingly regarded as significant for the process of the formation of the Romanian principalities. The Hungarian crown endeavors to maintain the southeastern border of Transylvania and to create zones of protection and expansion. A crucial role during the policy of Hungarian expansion was given to space beyond the Carpathians. Different ethnic groups, Hungarians, Teutones and Saxons have gone from Transylvania to the schismatic Rumanians, just as attempts to colonize religious orders seem to have had a fundamental role in the process of founding the extra-carpathic principalities. The documents reveal the concerns of the papacy that these populations can evolve towards a single people in the territories of the diocese of the Cumans beyond the Carpathians to the detriment of the Hungarian monarchy and Catholic Christendom.*

***Keywords:** Romania, Hungary, Middle Ages, saxons, cumans*

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